WEBVTT

NOTE duration:"00:04:07" NOTE recognizability:0.890

NOTE language:en-us

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

00:00:03.740 --> 00:00:05.888 My name is Brittany Gunnison and

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00:00:05.888 \longrightarrow 00:00:08.394$ I completed my Masters thesis on

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00:00:08.394 \longrightarrow 00:00:10.402$ behavioral and emotional changes

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

00:00:10.402 --> 00:00:12.410 across COVID-19 school experiences

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00:00:12.475 \longrightarrow 00:00:14.299$ in children and adolescents.

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00:00:14.300 \longrightarrow 00:00:16.725$ The COVID-19 pandemic has necessitated

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

00:00:16.725 --> 00:00:18.180 several containment measures,

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00:00:18.180 \longrightarrow 00:00:20.460$ including full or partial remote learning

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00:00:20.460 \longrightarrow 00:00:22.770$ for some children and adolescents.

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00:00:22.770 \longrightarrow 00:00:24.765$ Displacement from school is known

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00:00:24.765 \longrightarrow 00:00:27.239$ to be socially isolating with the

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 $00:00:27.239 \longrightarrow 00:00:29.299$ potential to impact child behavior.

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 $00:00:29.300 \longrightarrow 00:00:31.140$ However, the direction of effect.

 $00:00:31.140 \longrightarrow 00:00:32.895$ With pandemic school closures on

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 $00{:}00{:}32.895 \dashrightarrow 00{:}00{:}35.068$ the emotional well being of children

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 $00{:}00{:}35.068 \dashrightarrow 00{:}00{:}37.174$ and adolescents is not yet clear.

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 $00:00:37.180 \longrightarrow 00:00:39.772$ Table one demonstrates a summary of

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 $00:00:39.772 \longrightarrow 00:00:41.500$ the previously existing literature

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

00:00:41.566 --> 00:00:43.322 which examined COVID-19 school

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 $00:00:43.322 \longrightarrow 00:00:45.517$ instruction and child well being.

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 $00{:}00{:}45.520 \dashrightarrow 00{:}00{:}48.082$ Each of these studies lacked either

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 $00{:}00{:}48.082 \dashrightarrow 00{:}00{:}49.790$ a nationally representative sample

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00:00:49.853 --> 00:00:52.598 comparison across COVID-19 school experience,

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00:00:52.600 \longrightarrow 00:00:54.500$ the use of validated scales,

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00:00:54.500 \longrightarrow 00:00:56.978$ or comparison with pre COVID data.

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

00:00:56.980 --> 00:00:57.590 Additionally,

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00:00:57.590 \longrightarrow 00:01:00.640$ none of these studies included

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00:01:00.640 \longrightarrow 00:01:01.860$ longitudinal follow-up.

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

00:01:01.860 --> 00:01:03.830 The present study would account

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00:01:03.830 \longrightarrow 00:01:05.800$ for each of these factors.

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 $00:01:05.800 \longrightarrow 00:01:07.496$ This answer rational longitudinal

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

00:01:07.496 --> 00:01:10.040 study will compare pre COVID current

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00{:}01{:}10.105 \dashrightarrow 00{:}01{:}12.315$ and follow-up child behavior checklist

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00:01:12.315 \longrightarrow 00:01:14.525$ scores using participants from the

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

00:01:14.592 --> 00:01:17.317 adolescent brain cognitive development study.

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00:01:17.320 \longrightarrow 00:01:20.491$ We hypothesize that there will be a

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 $00{:}01{:}20.491 \dashrightarrow 00{:}01{:}21.850$ statistically significant increase

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00:01:21.922 \longrightarrow 00:01:24.323$ between mean pre COVID SL T scores

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00{:}01{:}24.323 \dashrightarrow 00{:}01{:}26.585$ and current SCELTI scores in remote

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

00:01:26.585 --> 00:01:28.525 learning groups when compared to

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00:01:28.525 \longrightarrow 00:01:30.830$ hybrid and classroom learning

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00{:}01{:}30.830 \dashrightarrow 00{:}01{:}33.870$ experiences during the pandemic.

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 $00:01:33.870 \longrightarrow 00:01:36.335$ Figure one demonstrates the possible

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00:01:36.335 \longrightarrow 00:01:38.800$ modifying factors that were included

 $00:01:38.873 \longrightarrow 00:01:39.818$ in this study.

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 $00{:}01{:}39.820 \dashrightarrow 00{:}01{:}41.408$ Mediating variables are those

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

00:01:41.408 --> 00:01:43.393 that explain how two variables,

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00:01:43.400 \longrightarrow 00:01:45.794$ such as an exposure and an outcome

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00:01:45.794 \longrightarrow 00:01:46.478$ are related.

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 $00:01:46.480 \longrightarrow 00:01:48.555$ A moderating variable affects the

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00{:}01{:}48.555 \dashrightarrow 00{:}01{:}51.100$ strength and direction of how an

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00{:}01{:}51.100 \dashrightarrow 00{:}01{:}53.080$ exposure and outcome are related.

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 $00{:}01{:}53.080 {\:{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}}>00{:}01{:}55.404$ Some moderating variables are

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00:01:55.404 \longrightarrow 00:01:58.094$ also confounders in our study.

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

00:01:58.094 --> 00:01:59.618 Possible mediators included

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

00:01:59.618 --> 00:02:01.142 increased sedentary time,

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

00:02:01.150 --> 00:02:02.734 decreased physical activity,

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00{:}02{:}02{:}02{:}734 \dashrightarrow 00{:}02{:}05{:}374$ decreased time spent with friends,

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00:02:05.380 \longrightarrow 00:02:07.258$ increasing Internet usage,

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

00:02:07.258 --> 00:02:09.136 parent offspring conflict,

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

00:02:09.140 --> 00:02:11.210 parental difficulty, sleeping.

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

00:02:11.210 --> 00:02:12.590 Parental anxiety,

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

00:02:12.590 --> 00:02:15.362 parental worry about COVID-19,

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

00:02:15.362 --> 00:02:16.748 childcare concerns,

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00:02:16.750 \longrightarrow 00:02:20.308$ and parent concern about job stability.

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00:02:20.310 \longrightarrow 00:02:21.854$ The moderating variables included

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00:02:21.854 \longrightarrow 00:02:24.382$ in the study for age, gender,

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

00:02:24.382 --> 00:02:26.158 race, residential area,

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

00:02:26.158 --> 00:02:28.526 number of close friends,

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00:02:28.530 \longrightarrow 00:02:31.374$ presence of neurodevelopmental diagnosis,

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

00:02:31.374 --> 00:02:33.507 annual household income,

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00:02:33.510 \longrightarrow 00:02:34.804$ parent age,

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00{:}02{:}34.804 \dashrightarrow 00{:}02{:}37.392$ parent education level and

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00:02:37.392 \longrightarrow 00:02:39.980$ parents having organic diseases.

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 $00:02:39.980 \longrightarrow 00:02:42.554$ This study is strengthened by its

 $00:02:42.554 \longrightarrow 00:02:44.270$ novelty in providing longitudinal

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00{:}02{:}44.339 \dashrightarrow 00{:}02{:}46.131$ data with follow-up measurements

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

00:02:46.131 --> 00:02:48.371 as well as utilizing validated

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

00:02:48.371 --> 00:02:50.454 scales comparing pre COVID post

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00:02:50.454 \longrightarrow 00:02:52.409$ COVID data and studying a

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

00:02:52.409 --> 00:02:53.574 nationally representative sample.

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00:02:53.574 \longrightarrow 00:02:56.283$ The limitations of this study lie in

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00:02:56.283 \longrightarrow 00:02:59.032$ the variability of infection rates in

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00:02:59.032 \longrightarrow 00:03:01.332$ school protocols throughout the pandemic,

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00:03:01.340 \longrightarrow 00:03:03.608$ as well as any confounding factors

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00{:}03{:}03.608 \dashrightarrow 00{:}03{:}05.583$ that could have impacted child

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00:03:05.583 \longrightarrow 00:03:07.929$ behavior during the pandemic and were

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00:03:07.929 \longrightarrow 00:03:10.199$ not recognized by the researchers.

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00:03:10.200 \longrightarrow 00:03:12.180$ The clinical significance of this study

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

00:03:12.180 --> 00:03:14.200 stems from its ability to determine

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00:03:14.200 \longrightarrow 00:03:16.120$ the long term effects that remote

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00:03:16.120 \longrightarrow 00:03:18.037$ learning will have on child behavior.

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00:03:18.040 \longrightarrow 00:03:20.362$ This information could be used to

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

00:03:20.362 --> 00:03:21.910 direct distribution of resources

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

00:03:21.978 --> 00:03:23.926 during pandemic recovery efforts

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00:03:23.926 \longrightarrow 00:03:25.874$ by identifying specific student

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00:03:25.874 \longrightarrow 00:03:28.089$ characteristics or learning experiences

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00:03:28.090 \longrightarrow 00:03:30.659$ that put them at increased risk for

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00{:}03{:}30.659 \dashrightarrow 00{:}03{:}32.310$ behavioral and emotional effects.

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00:03:32.310 \longrightarrow 00:03:34.046$ Identification of risk factors

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00:03:34.046 \longrightarrow 00:03:35.782$ would enable early intervention

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00:03:35.782 \longrightarrow 00:03:38.353$ in the prevention of long term

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00:03:38.353 \longrightarrow 00:03:39.989$ effects of social isolation,

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00:03:39.990 \longrightarrow 00:03:42.102$ such as cardiovascular disease,

NOTE Confidence: 0.88880424125

 $00{:}03{:}42.102 \to 00{:}03{:}44.358$ depression, and psychotic experiences.

NOTE Confidence: 0.908041264285714

00:03:46.400 --> 00:03:48.164 I would like to thank Doctor Mays,

 $00{:}03{:}48.170 --> 00{:}03{:}51.240$ Dr Gonzalas Colosso, Megan Pendergast,

NOTE Confidence: 0.908041264285714

 $00{:}03{:}51.240 \dashrightarrow 00{:}03{:}53.284$ Caitlin Meyer and the Yale School of

NOTE Confidence: 0.908041264285714

 $00{:}03{:}53.284 \to 00{:}03{:}54.940$ Medicine librarians for their guidance,

NOTE Confidence: 0.908041264285714

 $00{:}03{:}54.940 \dashrightarrow 00{:}03{:}57.308$ support and encouragement throughout

NOTE Confidence: 0.908041264285714

 $00{:}03{:}57.308 \dashrightarrow 00{:}03{:}59.650$ this thesis process. Thank you.