More than 8 Yale physicians provide primary and specialty care for patients through Yale Medical Group. Yale Medical Group delivers advanced care in more than 160 specialties and subspecialties, and centers of excellence in such fields as cancer, cardiac, minimally invasive surgery, and organ transplantation. Yale physicians have made many historical contributions, including the first use of cancer chemotherapy with antitumor agents, the first heart-lung pump, and the first human insulin pump for diabetes mellitus. Today, they perform groundbreaking procedures as bariatric thermotherapy to treat seizure activities, and are on the front lines of some of the world’s most challenging diseases.

Medical Center

An affiliation agreement between the medical school and Grace-New Haven Hospital in 1945 created Yale-New Haven Hospital, which expanded in 1955 with the opening of the Children’s Hospital, and again in 2000 with the acquisition of the Psychiatric Hospital. The 14-story Smilow Cancer Hospital opened in 2009. The medical campus has grown over the years to include or abut the institutions listed at left. Four miles away in West Haven, the affiliated VA Connecticut Healthcare System maintains acute clinical care, research, and education programs in conjunction with many medical school departments. Extensive maps and directions to medical center destinations are available online at yale.edu/maps.

Facts and Figures 2011 was produced by the Office of Institutional Planning and Development. It is available online at yale.edu/facts and from Institutional Planning and Development, 224 Church Street, Suite 300, New Haven, CT 06511. To find a Yale doctor, visit medicine.yale.edu/admissions, or call (203) 432-1345. For news about the school, visit med.yale.edu. Yale University alumni and faculty members can access this site by entering their Yale ID at med.yale.edu. For current students, faculty, and staff, the site is available online at med.yale.edu.

Yale School of Medicine

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The School of Medicine celebrated in Bicentenn- 
ial year—as with a series of humanities and spe- 

The Bicentennial has provided an opportu- 
ity to reflect on the achievements of the past 
two centuries and the ways in which medicine has changed since then. How far we have come in New Haven was not only 40 years, and another 50, but a century, and so on in periods that have long since been discounted. During the school’s course of existence, the occupation handed down through apprentice- 
ship has become one of the most education- 
ally efficient in the world. And so, doctors are 
seeking to change the curriculum of the future 
decades, Yale will continue to develop the new medical landscape.

The School of Medicine’s Medical Library, which is one of the largest medical libraries in the nation, provides students and faculty with access to the most current medical, biomedical, and health sciences literature. The library’s collection includes over 5 million print books and journals, as well as a comprehensive array of electronic resources. The library also offers a variety of services, including interlibrary loan, document delivery, and citation management tools. The library is open to visitors, and tours are available upon request.

The Yale School of Medicine is a leader in medical education, research, and patient care. The school is consistently ranked among the top medical schools in the United States, and its graduates go on to become leaders in medicine, public health, and biomedical sciences. The school’s core research resources are state-of-the-art, including high-resolution imaging and image analysis, genetics and genomics, microbiology, microbial pathogenesis, neuroscience, chemistry, pharmacology, physiology, and biochemistry. The school’s research programs are funded by the National Institutes of Health (NIH), and the school is a leader in NIH-funded research.

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